Solar Based Z Source Inverter for High Power Application

S. Shanmugasundaram
Department of Marine Engineering, AMET University, Chennai, India
Corresponding author, e-mail: eei@journal.uad.ac.id

Abstract
The different converters are developed in recent years for efficient operation of PV based various controllers for ac load application. The Z source inverter is used as both buck and boost operation. But the proposed paper Z source inverter produce more output voltage than input voltage. In proposed converter produce high power without using the transformer. The space vector modulation is used as to control the speed of an induction motor. The IFOC based SVM produce the pulse and given to the three phase inverter. In induction motor has high power application so the proposed Z source produces high output. The DC link voltage regulation using the filter. The proposed Z source based PV is implemented using MATLAB/SIMULINK environment.

Keywords: Photovoltaic (PV), Z Source Inverter (ZSI), Induction Motor (IM), Space Vector Modulation (SVM), Indirect Field Oriented Control (IFOC)

1. Introduction
The use of renewable energy such as solar, fuel, battery etc is increasing. The PV has clean, pollution free energy production system. Design numerous PV modules are connected in series to get higher dc link voltage and the inverter converts dc to ac and fed into the induction motor. The more solar cell form PV module. The number of PV module is connected in series and parallel to form a PV array [1-2].

The single diode PV has effective and used as the source of power converter. The output of the photovoltaic depends on the temperature, irradiance and semiconductor material used. The sun radiance fall on the semiconductor material the electron hole pair is created and thus the electricity is produced [3]. The electron hole pair induces the electrons to move and thus the current flows in the circuit. The Z source inverter has less number of switches in the proposed converter. The space vector modulation is used to produce the pulse and fed into the inverter. In induction motor has high power application and the speed of the motor is to control by using the SVM [4].

In industry the high voltage and current based circuit has used. Most of the application the required output as pure sine wave. In order to get the pure sine wave by using the proposed ZSI. The conventional converter has two stage and the proposed ZSI has single stage power conversion from PV to AC.

2. Proposed Solution
The space vector modulation based induction motor is implemented [5]. In this paper described that the PV inverter topology it is a high efficiency topology [6]. Firefly algorithm is presented in this paper in this algorithm used to generate the reactive power [7]. The proposed PV based ZSI for induction motor. The proposed circuit configuration is shown in Figure 1.
a. PV Source

The Single diode PV model is used in the proposed system. The PV produces the dc power in high voltage and produce distortion less output. The dc link voltage will be regulated by using the filter. The equivalent PV circuit is shown in Figure 2.

\[ I_d = I_{sat} \left( 1 + e^{\frac{qV_{in}}{KT_{emp}}} \right) \]

where: 
\( I_{sat} \) = saturation current, 
\( V_{in} \) = applied voltage, 
\( K \) = Boltzmann constant, 
\( T_{emp} \) = Temperature 
\( q \) = electron charge

b. Z Source Inverter

In Z Source has shoot through and non shoot through state. The proposed ZSI has increase the voltage and it has less voltage across the capacitor. The equivalent circuit diagram of ZSI is shown in Figure 3.
Z-source inverter (ZSI) converts the dc into ac wave. The ZSI has enhance the voltage inversion ability and less shoot-through zero states is required to obtained more voltage conversion ratios. ZSI increase the reliability, low voltage waveform distortion. It can be most related to the distributed generation use with low voltage source such as fuel cell, photovoltaic and so on [8].

c. Space vector modulation of induction motor

The space vector modulation improves the performance of the induction motor. The IFOC based SVM is similar as separately excited dc motor. The reference d axis is the adjusted to the rotor flux and rotate the motor in synchronous speed [9-10].

3. Simulation Results and Discussion

The proposed PV based ZSI sis shown in Figure 4. The output voltage and current waveform is shown in Figure 5 and 6. The dc link voltage waveform is shown in Figure 7. The three phase inverter output voltage and current wave is shown in Figure 8. The Speed of an induction motor is shown in Figure 9.

Figure 3. Equivalent circuit diagram of ZSI

Figure 4. Proposed circuit configurations
Figure 5. Output voltage waveform of PV

Figure 6. Output current waveform of PV

Figure 7. DC link voltage

Figure 8. Voltage and current waveform of three phase inverter

Figure 9. Speed of an induction motor
4. Conclusion

The proposed Z source inverter has increased the voltage and reduced the distortion in the output of the dc link voltage. The speed of an induction motor is regulated by using the IFOC based space vector modulation and the results are verified through the waveform. The ZSI has to convert direct current to alternating current and also increases the output voltage of the proposed inverter.

References


